**ABSTRACT** 

This work seeks to critically engage with issues arising out of, and hotly debated within, Indian

writing in English and its "other" Bhasa writing, issues of representation of nation in literary

texts, which have divided the former and the latter into two secluded categories, strictly opposed

to each other. The critical engagement, which this work displays, rests upon, and finally

culminates in, the interrogation of Amitav Ghosh's *The Hungry Tide*, a text mirroring the new

found love of Indian writing in English for cosmopolitanism and Buddhadeb Guha's Bhasa text

Kojagar translated in English as The Bounty of the Goddess, a text harbouring Bhasa writings'

fascination for unitary perspectives and structural aesthetics. Interrogation of these texts is

grounded upon and backed by a broad survey of perspectives of nation, arising out of the West

and India, and a dense exploration of the way nation is represented across the corpus of Indian

writing in English and Bhasa writing. The exploration eventually sets the ground for the

Interrogation of two texts. Interrogation of these two texts stresses on the per-formative and the

ludic dimension of language, which breaks the text into multiple perspectives constantly at war

with each other. Interrogation of textual instability in the texts of Ghosh's *The Hungry Tide* and

Guha's The Bounty of the Goddess eventually makes one realize the limitation of texts in

carrying forward the battle of perspectives ironically necessary for the maintenance and

perpetuation of categories.

**Key words**: *Bhasa* writing, instability, interrogation, perspectives of nation, Indian writing in

**English**